

Yr3	Yr4	Yr5	Yr6
Number and Place Value	Number and Place Value	Number and Place Value	Number and Place Value
count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50	count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and	read, write, order and compare	read, write, order and compare
and 100	1000	numbers to at least 1 000 000 and	numbers up to 10 000 000 and
		determine the value of each digit	determine the value of each digit
find 10 or 100 more or less than a	find 1000 more or less than a given		
given number	number	count forwards or backwards in steps	round any whole number to a
		of powers of 10 for any given number	required degree of accuracy
recognise the place value of each digit	count backwards through zero to	up to 1 000 000	
in a three digit number (hundreds,	include negative numbers		use negative numbers in context, and
tens, ones)		interpret negative numbers in	calculate intervals across zero
	recognise the place value of each digit	context, count forwards and	
compare and order numbers up to	in a four-digit number (thousands,	backwards with positive and negative	solve number and practical problems
1000	hundreds, tens, and ones)	whole numbers, including through	that involve all of the above
		zero	
identify, represent and estimate	order and compare numbers beyond		
numbers using different	1000	round any number up to 1 000 000 to	
representations		the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and	
	identify, represent and estimate	100 000	
read and write numbers up to 1000 in	numbers using different		
numerals and in words	representations	solve number problems and practical	
		problems that involve all of the above	
solve number problems and practical	round any number to the nearest 10,	1	
problems involving these ideas	100 or 1000	read Roman numerals to 1000 (M)	
		and recognise years written in Roman	
	solve number and practical problems	numerals	
	that involve all of the above and with		
	increasingly large positive numbers		
	read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C)		
	and know that over time, the numeral		
	system changed to include the		
	concept of zero and place value		

formal written layout

number problems, involving

Addition and Subtraction	Maths Progression document Addition and Subtraction	Addition and Subtraction	Haslingfield Endowed Primary School Four Operations
add and subtract numbers mentally,	add and subtract numbers with up to	add and subtract whole numbers with	multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4
including:	4 digits using the formal written	more than 4 digits, including using	digits by a two-digit whole number
a three-digit number and ones	methods of columnar addition and	formal written methods (columnar	using the formal written method of
a three-digit number and tens	subtraction where appropriate	addition and subtraction)	long multiplication
a three-digit number and hundreds		,	
	estimate and use inverse operations	add and subtract numbers mentally	divide numbers up to 4 digits by a
add and subtract numbers with up to	to check answers to a calculation	with increasingly large numbers	two-digit whole number using the
three digits, using formal written			formal written method of long
methods of columnar addition and	solve addition and subtraction two-	use rounding to check answers to	division, and interpret remainders as
subtraction	step problems in contexts, deciding	calculations and determine, in the	whole number remainders, fractions,
	which operations and methods to use	context of a problem, levels of	or by rounding, as appropriate for the
estimate the answer to a calculation	and why	accuracy	context
and use inverse operations to check			
answers			divide numbers up to 4 digits by a
		solve addition and subtraction multi-	two-digit number using the formal
solve problems, including missing		step problems in contexts, deciding	written method of short division
number problems, using number		which operations and methods to use	where appropriate, interpreting
facts, place value, and more complex		and why	remainders according to the context
addition and subtraction			
Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division	Multiplication and Division	perform mental calculations,
recall and use multiplication and	recall multiplication and division facts	identify multiples and factors,	including with mixed operations and
division facts for the 3, 4 and 8	for multiplication tables up to 12 × 12	including finding all factor pairs of a	large numbers
multiplication tables		number, and common factors of two	
	use place value, known and derived	numbers	identify common factors, common
write and calculate mathematical	facts to multiply and divide mentally,		multiples and prime numbers
statements for multiplication and	including: multiplying by 0 and 1;	know and use the vocabulary of prime	
division using the multiplication tables	dividing by 1; multiplying together	numbers, prime factors and	use their knowledge of the order of
that they know, including for two-	three numbers	composite (non-prime) numbers	operations to carry out calculations
digit numbers times one-digit			involving the four operations
numbers, using mental and	recognise and use factor pairs and	establish whether a number up to 100	
progressing to formal written	commutativity in mental calculations	is prime and recall prime numbers up	solve addition and subtraction multi-
methods		to 19	step problems in contexts, deciding
	multiply two-digit and three-digit		which operations and methods to use
solve problems, including missing	numbers by a one-digit number using	multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a	and why

one- or two-digit number using a

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multiplication and division, including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects

solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling problems and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects

formal written method, including long multiplication for two-digit numbers

multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts

divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context

multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)

solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes

solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign3

solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (Decimals and Percentages) count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one - digit numbers or quantities by 10

recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non -unit fractions with small denominators

recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non -unit fractions with small denominators

recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators

add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, 5/7 + 1/7 = 6/7]

compare and order unit fractions, and fractions with the same denominators solve problems that involve all of the above

Fractions (Decimals and Percentages) recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions

count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten

solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non -unit fractions where the answer is a whole number

add and subtract fractions with the same denominator

recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths

recognise and write decimal equivalents to 1/4, 1/2, 3/4

find the effect of dividing a one - or two -digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths

round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number

Fractions (Decimals and Percentages) compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number

identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually, including tenths and hundredths

recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, 2/5 + 4/5 = 6/5 = 1 1/5 ]

add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number

multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams

read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, 0.71 = 71/100

recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents

round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number

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Fractions (Decimals and Percentages) use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination

compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1

add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions

multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example,  $1/4 \times 1/2 = 1/8$ ]

divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example,  $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$ ]

associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, 3/8]

identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

multiply one -digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers

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	compare numbers with the same	and to one decimal place	Timery School
	number of decimal places up to two	and to one decimal place	use written division methods in cases
	decimal places	read, write, order and compare	where the answer has up to two
	decimal places	· ·	•
		numbers with up to three decimal	decimal places solve problems which
	solve simple measure and money	places	require answers to be rounded to
	problems involving fractions and		specified degrees of accuracy
	decimals to two decimal places	solve problems involving number up	
		to three decimal places recognise the	recall and use equivalences between
		per cent symbol (%) and understand	simple fractions, decimals and
		that per cent relates to 'number of	percentages, including in different
		parts per hundred', and write	contexts
		percentages as a fraction with	
		denominator 100, and as a decimal	
		,	
		solve problems which require	
		knowing percentage and decimal	
		equivalents of 1/2, 1/4, 1/5, 2/5, 4/5	
		and those fractions with a	
		denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25	
Ratio and Proportion	Ratio and Proportion	Ratio and Proportion	Ratio and Proportion
Natio and Proportion	Katio and Proportion	Katio and Proportion	
			solve problems involving the relative
			sizes of two quantities where missing
			values can be found by using integer
			multiplication and division facts
			solve problems involving the
			calculation of percentages [for
			example, of measures, and such as
			15% of 360] and the use of
			percentages for comparison
			percentages for companison
			solve problems involving similar
			shapes where the scale factor is
			known or can be found
			solve problems involving unequal

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			sharing and grouping using
			knowledge of fractions and multiples
<u>Algebra</u>	<u>Algebra</u>	Algebra	Algebra
			use simple formulae
			generate and describe linear number
			sequences
			express missing number problems
			algebraically
			digestratedity
			find pairs of numbers that satisfy an
			equation with two unknowns
			enumerate possibilities of
			combinations of two variables
<u>Measurement</u>	Measurement	Measurement	<u>Measurement</u>
measure, compare, add and subtract:	convert between different units of	convert between different units of	solve problems involving the
lengths (m/cm/mm); mass (kg/g);	measure [for example, kilometre to	metric measure (for example,	calculation and conversion of units of
volume/capacity (I/mI)	metre; hour to minute]	kilometre and metre; centimetre and	measure, using decimal notation up
		metre; centimetre and millimetre;	to three decimal places where
measure the perimeter of simple 2-D	measure and calculate the perimeter	gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)	appropriate
shapes	of a rectilinear figure (including		
	squares) in centimetres and metres	understand and use approximate	use, read, write and convert between
add and subtract amounts of money		equivalences between metric units	standard units, converting
to give change, using both £ and p in	find the area of rectilinear shapes by	and common imperial units such as	measurements of length, mass,
practical contexts	counting squares	inches, pounds and pints	volume and time from a smaller unit
			of measure to a larger unit, and vice
tell and write the time from an	estimate, compare and calculate	measure and calculate the perimeter	versa, using decimal notation to up to
analogue clock, including using	different measures, including money	of composite rectilinear shapes in	three decimal places
Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-	in pounds and pence	centimetres and metres	
hour and 24-hour clocks			convert between miles and kilometres
	read, write and convert time between	calculate and compare the area of	recognise that shapes with the same
estimate and read time with	analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour	rectangles (including squares), and	areas can have different perimeters
increasing accuracy to the nearest	clocks	including using standard units, square	and vice versa
minute; record and compare time in		centimetres (cm²) and square metres	

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te	erms of seconds, minutes and hours;	solve problems involving converting	(m <sup>2</sup> ) and estimate the area of	recognise when it is possible to use
u	use vocabulary such as o'clock,	from hours to minutes; minutes to	irregular shapes	formulae for area and volume of
a	a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon	seconds; years to months; weeks to days		shapes
а	and midnight		estimate volume [for example, using 1	
			cm <sup>3</sup> blocks to build cuboids (including	calculate the area of parallelograms
k	know the number of seconds in a		cubes)] and capacity [for example,	and triangles
m	ninute and the number of days in		using water]	
e	each month, year and leap year			calculate, estimate and compare
			solve problems involving converting	volume of cubes and cuboids using
C	compare durations of events [for		between units of time	standard units, including cubic
e	example to calculate the time taken			centimetres (cm³) and cubic metres
b	by particular events or tasks]		use all four operations to solve	(m³), and extending to other units [for
			problems involving measure [for	example, mm³ and km³]
			example, length, mass, volume,	
			money] using decimal notation,	
			including scaling	
<u> </u>	Properties of Shape	Properties of Shape	Properties of Shape	Properties of Shape
d	draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D	compare and classify geometric	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes	draw 2-D shapes using given
sl	hapes using modelling materials;	shapes, including quadrilaterals and	and other cuboids, from 2-D	dimensions and angles
re	ecognise 3-D shapes in different	triangles, based on their properties	representations	
0	orientations and describe them	and sizes		recognise, describe and build simple
			know angles are measured in degrees:	3-D shapes, including making nets
re	ecognise angles as a property of	identify acute and obtuse angles and	estimate and compare acute, obtuse	
sl	hape or a description of a turn	compare and order angles up to two	and reflex angles	compare and classify geometric
		right angles by		shapes based on their properties and
	dentify right angles, recognise that		draw given angles, and measure them	sizes and find unknown angles in any
	wo right angles make a half-turn,	size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D	in degrees (°)	triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular
	hree make three quarters of a turn	shapes presented in different		polygons
	and four a complete turn; identify	orientations	identify:	
	whether angles are greater than or		angles at a point and one whole	illustrate and name parts of circles,
le	ess than a right angle	complete a simple symmetric figure	turn (total 360°)	including radius, diameter and
		with respect to a specific line of	angles at a point on a straight line	circumference and know that the
	dentify horizontal and vertical lines	symmetry	and 1/2 a turn (total 180°)	diameter is twice the radius
	and pairs of perpendicular and		• other multiples of 90°	
p	parallel lines			recognise angles where they meet at
			use the properties of rectangles to	a point, are on a straight line, or are

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		deduce related facts and find missing	vertically opposite, and find missing
		lengths and angles	angles
Position and Direction	Position and Direction describe positions on a 2-D grid as coordinates in the first quadrant	distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles  Position and Direction identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the	Position and Direction describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
	describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left/right and up/down plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon	appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed	draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes
Statistics	Statistics	Statistics	Statistics
interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step	interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph	interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
questions [for example, 'How many	B. 20 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	complete, read and interpret	calculate and interpret the mean as
more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables	solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs	information in tables, including timetables	an average