

Cycle A				
	Yr3/4	Yr4/5	Yr5/6	
Autumn	Stone Age to Iron Age Children need to know  Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age  Children should have covered  Late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early farmers, for example, Skara Brae  Bronze Age religion,  technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge  Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture.	Crime and Punishment  A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066  Changes in an aspect of social history, such as crime and punishment from the Anglo-Saxons to the present or leisure and entertainment in the 20th Century	World War II  A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066  A significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways or the Battle of Britain  A Local Study  A study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality.  Duxford/ Stibbington	
Spring	<ul> <li>The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain</li> <li>British resistance, for example, Boudica</li> <li>Romanisation' of Britain: sites such as Caerwent</li> <li>impact of technology, culture and beliefs, including early Christianity</li> </ul>	Race for Space  Know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world: the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies; achievements and follies of mankind	The Victorians  A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066  the changing power of monarchs using case studies such as John, Anne and Victoria	



	The legacy of Greek or Roman culture (art, architecture or literature) on later periods in British history, including the present day	A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066
	<ul> <li>Roman withdrawal from Britain in c. AD 410 and the fall of the western Roman Empire</li> </ul>	A significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways
Summer		



In history, the skills need to be taught and revisited across all topics.

## CHRONOLOGICAL KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

Continue to develop chronologically secure knowledge of history Establish clear narratives within and across periods studied Note connections, contrasts and trends over time

#### HISTORICAL TERMS

Develop the appropriate use of historical terms

### HISTORICAL ENQUIURY AND EVIDENCE GATHERING

Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions

Understand how knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources

Construct informed responses by ... Selecting and organising relevant historical information

### **INTERPRETATIONS**

Understand that different versions of the past may exist, giving some reasons for this

#### **CONTINUITY AND CHANGE**

Describe / make links between main events, situations and changes within and across different periods/societies

# **CAUSE AND CONSEQUENCE**

Identify and give reasons for, results of, historical events, situations, changes

### SIMILARITIES AND DIFFERENCES

Describe social, cultural, religious and ethnic diversity in Britain & the wider world

### **SIGNIFICANCE**

Identify historically significant people and events in situations



Cycle B					
	Yr3/4	Yr4/5	Yr5/6		
Autumn	Anglo Saxons  Britain's settlement by Anglo Saxons and Scots  Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and kingdoms: place names and village life Anglo-Saxon art and culture	Life in Tudor Times  A study of an aspect in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 The changing power of monarchs using case studies, The Tudor Monarchs	World War I  A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066  A significant turning point in British history, for example, the first railways or the Battle of the Somme  A Local Study  A study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality.		
Spring	Ancient Egypt  The achievements of the earliest civilizations  – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of one of the following: Ancient Sumer; The Indus Valley; Ancient Egypt; The Shang Dynasty of Ancient China	Ancient Greece  Ancient Greece — a study of  Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world	Invaders and Settlers The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Viking raids and invasion		



Summer		